1.3 Enterprise, business growth and size

What are the characteristics of an entrepreneur?

- 1. Risk-taker
- 2. Self-motivated
- 3. Innovative
- 4. Confident
- 5. Ambitious
- 6. Hardworking
- 7. Quick learner
- 8. Team Player

Why become an entrepreneur? Advantages vs. Disadvantages

Advantages

- 1. Independent
- 2. Motivating
- 3. Potential higher income

Disadvantages

- 1. High risk
- 2. Long working hours
- 3. Opportunity cost from stable employment income

What are the importance of a business plan?

- 1. Guide to turn business idea into an operation
- 2. Describes business objectives, resources needed to start/operate business
- 3. Assist to get a loan from bank
- 4. Monitor and track business performance and target

What are the components of a business plan?

- 1. Business description and objective
- 2. Product and service details
- 3. Production plan and resources
- 4. Market assessment
- 5. Financial forecast and planning
- 6. Organisation chart/management roles

How to measure the size of firms?

- 1. Number of employees
- 2. Amount of capital employed
- 3. Output or sales
- 4. Market share size

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Why should a firm grow?

- 1. Large or long established firms have better chance in obtaining financing from good financial performance/reputation
- 2. Develop more products or expand operations => diversification => reduce risk
- 3. Earn more profit from increased market share => more revenue from sales
- 4. Create more employment and provide better benefits
- 5. Achieve economies of scale => reducing cost

How do firms grow?

- 1. Internal growth
 - a. Opening new outlets/factories locally or in other countries
 - b. Expanding operations/Increasing output
 - c. Producing more variety of products and services
- 2. External growth
 - a. Mergers
 - b. Acquisition/Takeovers
 - i. Horizontal integration
 - ii. Vertical integration
 - iii. Lateral integration

iv.

Why does some firm remain small?

- 1. Small market size
- 2. Limited capital
- 3. Owner wants more control
- 4. Many competitors/low barriers to entry

What are problems growing a business?

- 1. Lack of resources (raw materials/employees/capital)
- 2. Too far from market or resources
- 3. Unskilled/demotivated employees
- 4. Poor infrastructure/lack of technology/expertise
- 5. Lack of capital/finances
- 6. Poor communication
- 7. Government regulation/policies

Why do some business fail?

- 1. Lack of resources skilled/experienced employees
- 2. Poor planning and management
- 3. Lack of finance
- 4. Wrong location
- 5. Change in market preference or regulation
- 6. Strong competition
- 7. Economic recession
- 8. Technological changes leading to obsolete product

Why does government support businesses?

- 1. Create employment/jobs
- 2. Economic growth
- 3. Increase competition
- 4. Increase tax revenue

What kind of support does the government offer businesses?

- 1. Grants
- 2. Low-costs loans
- 3. Tax incentives
- 4. Low-cost or rent-free premises/better infrastructure
- 5. Free or low-cost advice and training

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